

SAFETY DATA SHEET Sodium Bicarbonate

Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 of 18 June 2020.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name Sodium Bicarbonate

EU REACH registration number 01-2119457606-32-0062

CAS number 144-55-8 **EC number** 205-633-8

Synonyms; trade names Sodium hydrogen carbonate, Baking Powder, Bicarbonate soda

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Feed material, Food additive material, Medical products, Medical devices, Cosmetics, Flue gas treatment,

Mining and metal industry, Paper industry.

Uses advised against No specific uses advised against are identified.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Kazan Soda Elektrik Üretim A.Ş

İncirlik Mah. İncirlik Küme Evleri Kazan Soda No: 122, 06946 Sincan/ Ankara, Türkiye Tel: +90 (312) 969 98 01 www.kazansoda.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone Kazan Soda Elektrik Üretim A.Ş.: +90 (312) 969 98 01

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (SI 2019 No. 720)

Physical hazards Not Classified

Health hazards Not Classified

Environmental hazards Not Classified

Additional information Classification (Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008).

2.2. Label elements

EC number 205-633-8

Hazard statements NC Not Classified

2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.



Sodium Bicarbonate

Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 of 18 June 2020.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Product name Sodium Bicarbonate

CAS number 144-55-8
EC number 205-633-8
Chemical formula NaHCO3
Composition comments >99.1 %

3.2. Mixtures

Description Not applicable.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information Get medical attention immediately. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.

Inhalation Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm

and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as

collar, tie or belt. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Ingestion Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous.

Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an

unconscious person. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Skin contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur after washing.

Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart.

Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes.

Protection of first aiders First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms described will

vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.

Inhalation Dust may irritate the respiratory system.

Ingestion If exposed to large concentrations: May cause stomach pain or vomiting.

Skin contact Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin.

Eye contact Dust may cause slight irritation.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor Treat symptomatically.

Specific treatments No special treatment required.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media The product is not flammable. Extinguish with the following media: Water spray, foam, dry powder or

carbon dioxide.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.



Sodium Bicarbonate

Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 of 18 June 2020.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards

None known.

Hazardous combustion products

Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or

vapours

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during

firefighting

Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.

Special protective equipment for

firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions

No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Do not touch or walk into spilled material.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment.

Large Spillages: Inform the relevant authorities if environmental pollution occurs (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. Approach the spillage from upwind. Avoid generation and spreading of dust.

Small Spillages: Remove spillage with vacuum cleaner or collect with a shovel and broom, or similar. Large Spillages: Collect spillage with a shovel and broom, or similar and reuse, if possible. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Containers with collected spillage must be properly labelled with correct contents and hazard symbol. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Following dilution and neutralisation, discharge to the sewer with plenty of water may be permitted. The requirements of the local water authority must be complied with if contaminated water is flushed directly to the sewer. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see Section 8. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions

Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid handling which leads to dust formation. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment.



Sodium Bicarbonate

Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 of 18 June 2020.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from the following materials: Acids. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Bund storage facilities to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. The storage area floor should be leak-tight, jointless and not absorbent.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s)

The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Ingredient comments

No exposure limits known for ingredient(s).

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment







Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Personal, workplace environment or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as the primary means to minimise worker exposure. Personal protective equipment should only be used if worker exposure cannot be controlled adequately by the engineering control measures. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure.

Eye/face protection

Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment that provides appropriate eye and face protection should be worn. Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, wear gloves that are proven to be impervious to the chemical and resist degradation. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.

Wear protective gauntlets made of the following material: Butyl rubber. Nitrile rubber.

Other skin and body protection

Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible.

Hygiene measures

Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean equipment and the work area every day. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Preventive industrial medical examinations should be carried out. Warn cleaning personnel of any hazardous properties of the product.



Sodium Bicarbonate

Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 of 18 June 2020.

Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Protection against nuisance dust must be used when the airborne concentration exceeds 10 mg/m³. Wear a suitable dust mask. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is 'UKCA'-marked. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges suitable for intended use should be used. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges suitable for intended use should be used. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges suitable for intended use should be used.

Environmental exposure controls Keep container tightly sealed when not in use.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Solid. Granules.

Colour White.

Odourless.

pH pH (diluted solution): 8.4 1

Melting point > 500°C

Initial boiling point and range No information available.

Flash point Not applicable.

Evaporation rate

No information available.

Flammability (solid, gas)

No information available.

Upper/lower flammability or

No information available.

explosive limits

explosive illilis

Vapour pressure 66,9 Pa @ 20°C

Vapour density No information available.

Relative density 2,21 - 2,23 @ 20°C

Solubility(ies) 93,4 g/l water @ 20°C

Partition coefficient No information available.

Auto-ignition temperature No information available.

Decomposition Temperature >60°C

Viscosity

No information available.

Explosive properties

No information available.

Oxidising properties

No information available.

9.2. Other information

Other information No information available.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.



Sodium Bicarbonate

Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 of 18 June 2020.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed

storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions No potentially hazardous reactions known.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid There are no known conditions that are likely to result in a hazardous situation.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Strong acids. Strong oxidising agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion

products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity - oral

products

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg) 4,000.0

Species Rat

Notes (oral LD₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

ATE oral (mg/kg) 4,000.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC50) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin corrosion/irritation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitroBased on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertilityBased on available data the classification criteria are not met.



Sodium Bicarbonate

Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 of 18 June 2020.

Reproductive toxicity -

development

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposureNot classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

General information No specific health hazards known. Dust may irritate the eyes and the respiratory system. The severity of

the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.

Inhalation Dust may irritate the respiratory system.

Ingestion If exposed to large concentrations: May cause stomach pain or vomiting.

Skin contact Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin.

Eye contact Dust may cause slight irritation.

Route of exposure Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

Target organs No specific target organs known.

11.2. Information on other hazards No information available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous

effects on the environment.

12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish NOEC, 96 hour: 5200 mg/l, Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill)

LC₅₀, 96 hour: 7100 mg/l, Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill)

Acute toxicity - aquatic NOEC, 48 hour: 3100 mg/l, Daphnia magna **invertebrates** EC₅₀, 48 hour: 4100 mg/l, Daphnia magna

12.2. Persistence and degradability

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient No information available.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility No information available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

assessment



Sodium Bicarbonate

Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 of 18 June 2020.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No information available.

12.7. Other adverse effects

No information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information

The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.

Disposal methods

Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labelled with their contents. Waste packaging should be collected for reuse or recycling. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

SECTION 14: Transport information

General

The product is not covered by international regulations on the transport of dangerous goods (IMDG, IATA, ADR/RID).

14.1. UN number or ID number

Not applicable

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not applicable.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

No transport warning sign required.

14.4. Packing group

Not applicable.

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable.



Sodium Bicarbonate

Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 of 18 June 2020.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 of 18 June 2020.

Commission Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the

Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH)

Classification (Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008).

Restrictions (SI 2020 No. 1577

Annex XVII)

No specific restrictions on use are known for this product.

Restrictions (Annex XVII Regulation 1907/2006)

No specific restrictions on use are known for this product.

Seveso Directive - Control of major accident hazards

Not relevant.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used STEL: Short Term Exposure Limits

in the safety data sheet

TWA: Time weighted Average

OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

OEL: Occupational Exposure Limit. EC No: The European Community number CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service.

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.

LC50: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population.

LD50: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose).

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance. vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road. ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland

Waterways.

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

ICAO: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

Key literature references and

sources for data

Source: European Chemicals Agency, http://echa.europa.eu/

Training advice Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Only trained personnel should use this material.

Revision comments This is the first issue.

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Note to organizer This SDS is prepared based on the information and documents received from product owner. CRAD

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Revision date 01/06/2022



Sodium Bicarbonate

Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 of 18 June 2020.

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